**Enrollment No:** Exam Seat No: **C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY** Wadhwan City Subject Code : 5SC01MTC4 Summer Examination-2014 Date: 19/06/2014 Subject Name Topology-I Branch/Semester:- M.Sc(Maths)/I Time:10:30 To 1:30 **Examination : Remedial** Instructions:-(1) Attempt all Questions of both sections in same answer book / Supplementary (2) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited. (3) Instructions written on main answer Book are strictly to be obeyed. (4) Draw neat diagrams & figures (If necessary) at right places (5) Assume suitable & Perfect data if needed **SECTION-I** a) Which of the following are open in standard topology? Q-1 (02)(i) (a, b) (ii) (a, b] (iii) [a, b) (iv) [a, b]b) Let  $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$ . Check which of the following are topologies on X? (02) $\tau_1 = \{\phi, X, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c, d\}\}$ (i)  $\tau_2 = \{X, \{a\}, \{a, b\}\}$ (ii) c) Which topology is stronger, standard topology on R or lower limit topology (01)on R? d) Define topology. (01)e) Define open basis for a topological space (01)

Q-2 a) Define co-countable topology on *R*. Show that it is a topology on *R*. (05) b) Let  $\beta$  be a basis for a topology on *X*. Define  $\tau = \{U \subset X : \forall x \in U, there exists B \in \beta \text{ such that } x \in B \subset U \}.$ 

Then Show that  $\tau$  is a topology on X.

a

c) Let X be a non-empty set. For  $x, y \in X$  define (1) if  $x \neq y$ 

$$l(x,y) = \begin{cases} 1 & i \ x \neq y \\ 0 & i \ x = y \end{cases}$$

Show that (X, d) is a metric space.

OR

- Q-2 a) Let (X, d) be metric space. For  $x, y \in X$ , define  $d'(x, y) = \frac{d(x,y)}{1+d(x,y)}$ . Show (05) that d' is a metric on X.
  - b) Define  $\tau = \begin{cases} U \subset R: \text{ for every } x \in U \text{ there exists an open interval} \\ (a, b) \text{ such that } x \in (a, b) \subset U \end{cases}$ . Is this a topology on *R*? Justify your answer. (05)
  - c) Let X be a topological space and  $A \subset X$ . Suppose that for each  $x \in A$  there (04) is an open set U in X such that  $x \in U \subset A$ . Show that A is open in X.
- Q-3 a) Let  $(X_1, \tau_1), (X_2, \tau_2), ..., (X_m, \tau_m)$  be topological spaces. Let  $X = X_1 \times X_2 \times (05)$ ...  $\times X_m = \prod_{i=1}^m X_i$ , and  $\beta = \{\prod_{i=1}^m U_i : U_i \in \tau_i, i = 1, 2, ..., m.\}$ . Show that  $\beta$  is a basis for some topology on X.
  - b) Let Y be a subspace of X. Prove that a set A is closed in Y if and only if  $A = B \cap Y$  for some closed set B in Y. (05)

(04)

c)	Let <i>X</i> be a topological space and $A \subset X$ . Prove that $\overline{A} = A \cup A'$ .	(04)
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OR

- Q-3 a) Let X and Y be topological spaces and  $f: X \to Y$  be a function show that the (05) following are equivalent.
  - (i) f is continuous.
  - (ii) f is continuous at each point of X.
  - b) Let X be a topological space and  $A \subset X$ . Prove that  $Bd(A) = \overline{A} A^{\circ}$ . (05)
  - c) Is  $\overline{A \cap B} = \overline{A} \cap \overline{B}$  in any topological space ? Justify your answer. (04)

## **SECTION-II**

Q-4	a)	Define homeomorphism.	(01)
	b)	Is discrete topological space a $T_1$ space ?	(01)
	c)	Is lower limit topological space a $T_2$ space ?	(01)
	d)	Define locally compact space.	(01)
	e)	State Tietze Extension Theorem.	(02)
	f)	Define locally connected space.	(01)
Q-5	a)	Let X be a topological space and $A \subset X$ . Let $(x_n)$ be a sequence in A such that $x_n \to x$ , then prove that $x \in \overline{A}$ .	(07)
	b)	Let X be a topological space. Prove that X is a $T_2$ space if and only if $\{x\} = \cap \{\overline{U}: U \text{ is a neighbourhood of } x, \forall x \in X\}$ . OR	(07)
Q-5	a)	Prove that continuous image of a compact space is compact.	(07)
	b)	Prove that every closed and bounded interval in $R$ is compact.	(07)
Q-6	a)	Prove that every metric space has its completion.	(07)
	b)	Prove that every compact $T_2$ space (Hausdorff space) is $T_3$ sapce (regular).	(07)
		OR	
Q-6	a)	State and prove Urysohn's lemma.	(10)
	b)	Prove that the product of two connected spaces is a connected space.	(04)

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